Story 1849 (1981 Tape 1 Narrator: Niyazi Özden

Location: Melekli village.

Iğdır <u>kaza</u>, Kars Province

Several years after this tale was taped, Iğdır became capital city of new province of the

same name.

<u>Date</u>: May 30, 1981

## Catching an Alkarısı

Forty or fifty years ago horses were the most common means of transportation in my home area. We had several very good breeds of horses. But in those days there were also creatures known as <u>Alkarisis</u> who often made horses unusable. These <u>Alkarisis</u> were small creatures somewhat like dwarfs. There may have been other names for them, but the villagers in my area always called them <u>Alkarisis</u>.

These Alkarisis would come to a stable and ride the horses there all day and all night right there within the stable where no one could see them. As a result of this continuous running, the horses often

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See ATON 843, which is a similar tale (about <u>Alkarısı</u>s' damaging horses) that was taped near Tercan, a <u>kaza</u> center in northeastern Erzincan Province. In general, however, the <u>Alkarısı</u> is more often feared in Turkey as a killer of newborn babies and sometimes their mothers, too. In this function the <u>Alkarısı</u> is sometimes identified with the very ancient malevolent figure of Lilith. For a useful brief commentary on the <u>Alkarısı</u> myth see <u>Türk Ansiklopedisi</u>, Vol. II, p. 12.

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became so exhausted that their owners were not able to use them for the purpose of transportation. If anyone happened to enter the stable while the <u>Alkarisis</u> were there, the <u>Alkarisis</u> would disappear, but usually by that time they had already tired the horses.

The people in my village once decided to try to capture one of these Alkarisis. They thought and thought about how they might be able to do this. They finally decided to put tar on the back of one of their horses so that an Alkarisi would be stuck to the horse she mounted. This plan was only partly successful, but one farmer did catch an Alkarisi that way.

It is said that <u>Alkarisis</u> are powerless against steel. If you stick a needle into an <u>Alkarisi</u>, she becomes helpless. She cannot remove the needle herself, and so she can be kept right there and made a slave. They stuck a needle into the dwarf creature they had captured with tar and made her a maidservant in their household. She remained with them long enough so that she learned their language. One day, however, when she was alone with the children of that family, she was enabled to escape. She begged and begged one of the children to pull the needle from her flesh. Feeling sorry for the <u>Alkarisi</u> and not knowing what might happen, the child pulled out the needle. The <u>Alkarisi</u> then immediately disappeared. —This story is often told in my region.

Story 1849

[Ahmet Uysal:

"The Alkarısı also bothers women still recovering from childbirth. don't know if that is believed also in your area. They can be very dangerous. In order to keep the Alkarısı away from the lohusa,<sup>2</sup> people often keep the light on in the woman's room. They also attach red ribbons to the lohusa, for the Alkarısı is said to be afraid of that color." 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The word used in some sections of Turkey for a woman who has just given birth to a child.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>This is ironic in one sense in that the <u>Alkarısı</u> is often thought to be red herself.